

CHIN CHA-ROEN INTERCHEM CO., LTD.

899/69 MOO15 THEPARAK RD., BANGSAOTHONG, AM-PUR BANGSAOTHONG,

SAMUTPRAKARN 10570 THAILAND TEL.662 706-4470-2 FAX.662 706-4427

www.chin-charoen.com, e-mail: ga@chin-charoen.com

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

# SULPHURIC ACID

# 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE AND OF THE COMPANY

PRODUCT NAME CHEMICAL NAME USE

SULPHURIC ACID SULPHURIC ACID Fertilisers, explosives, battery acid, electroplating, dyes drugs, detergents, adhesives, plastics, paints, tanning, food processing, Industrial Chemical.

# 2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification according to Directive 67/548/EEC (DSD) C; R35 CAUSES SEVERE BURNS

GHS PICTOGRAME

SIGNAL WORD HAZARD STATEMENTS H290 H314

**DANGER** ! H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage MAY BE CORROSIVE TO METALS CAUSERE SKIN BURNS AND EYE DAMAGE

# 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Component	CAS NO.	EC NO.	Weight
$H_2SO_4$	7664-93-9	231-639-5	50.0%
Water	-	-	50.0%

## 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye Contact Immediately irrigate with copious quantity of water for at least 15 minutes. Eyelids to be held open. Seek immediate medical assistance. **Skin Contact** Wash affected areas with copious quantity of water immediately. Remove contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Treat skin and clothing with 1% sodium bicarbonate solution to neutralize acid residues.

	If irritation occurs seek medical advice.
Inhalation	Remove victim from exposure- avoid becoming a casualty.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth thoroughly with water immediately. Give water to drink.
	DO NOT induce vomiting. Seek immediate medical assistance.

#### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash Point	Not application
Autoignition Temperature	Not application
Extinguishing Media	CO2, dry powder and foam.
Special Exposure Hazards	When heated to decomposition it emits toxic fumes of Sox
Special Protective Equipment	Incipient fire responders should wear Self-Contained Breathing
	Apparatus and full protective equipment. Isolate materials not
	yet involved in the fire and protect personnel. Move containers
	from fire area if this can be done without risk; otherwise, cool
	with carefully applied water spray. If possible, prevent runoff
	water from entering storm drains, bodies of water, or other
	environmentally sensitive areas.

#### 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

1
ca

#### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Handing
Provision of good ventilation in the working area. The floor must be acid resistant. Suitable materials: generally resistant: Glass, Enamel.
At lower temperature: Polyethylene PE, Polyvinyl chloride, Polypropylene PP.
At different concentrations and range of temperatures the resistance of metals may vary greatly. Before choosing materials of construction obtain specialized information.

Unsuitable materials: non-noble metals. Do not leave container open. Avoid

any contact when handling the substance.

Keep tightly closed at room temperature in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep out of direct sunlight and away from heat, water and incompatible materials. Requirement for containers, no metal containers.

#### 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Explosive Limits of Dust in Air	OEL 1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
	TWA 1 $mg/m^3$
Eye Protection	Wear safety glasses or goggles.
Hand Protection	Protect gloves.
Skin Protection	Chemical resistant apron / corrosive protective clothing
<b>Respiratory Protection</b>	Goggles or faceshields as appropriate.

#### 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

#### **10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Chemical Stability	Stable under normal conditions of handling.	
Conditions to avoid	Strong heating.	
Materials to avoid	Alkali metals, alkali compounds, ammonia, alkaline earth metals,	
	alkaline earth compounds, alkalis, acid, metal, metal alloys,	
	combustible substances, organic solvent, halogenates, permanganate.	
	Metals (generation of Sulfur oxide and Hydrogen).	
Hazardous decomposition p	roduct Sulfur oxide. Hydrogen (Hazardous decomposition products	
	from under contact with metals, danger of explosion).	

## **11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Oral, rat	: LD50 (mg/kg)	2,140 mg/kg
Inhale, rat, 2hr	: LC50	$510 \text{ mg/m}^3$

#### **12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Daphnia Toxicity; Daphnia magna EC50 : 29 mg/l / 24hr. (calculated on the pure substance)

#### **13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Disposal of waste method	Dispose in accordance with lacal regulations.
Contaminated Packing	Disposal in compliance with official regulations. Handle
	contaminated packing as hazardous waste in the same way of
	the substance itself. If not officially specified differently, non-
	contaminated packing may be treated like household waste or
	recycled.

#### **14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

HAZARD LABLE



EC NO SHIPPING NAME ADR/RID/ADNR/IMO-IMDG PACKAGING GROUP 1830 SULPHURIC ACID CLASS 8 11

#### **15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

European/International Regulation European labeling in Accordance with EC Directives Hazard Symbols : C Risk Phrases :

R 35 Causes severe burns.

Safety Phrases :

S 26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water and seek medical advice.

S 30 Never add water to this product.

#### **16. OTHER INFORMATION**

Hazard Rating System NFPA Rating

HEALTH 3, FLAMMABILITY 0, REACTIVITY 2